



**DID YOU  
KNOW?**

Stormwater is one of the leading causes of water pollution in the United States. Stormwater comes from precipitation that flows across ground or pavement when it rains or when ice or snow melts. Stormwater runoff picks up debris, chemicals, dirt and other pollutants. Unlike the water from showers and toilets that goes into a sanitary sewer system, stormwater does NOT go to a wastewater treatment plant. It enters the watershed and is then transported by drains, streets, curbs, and open channels directly to retention and infiltration basins; parks, rivers, community lakes, and drinking water sources.

**SUBSTANCES CARRIED BY STORMWATER THAT ARE CONSIDERED POLLUTANTS INCLUDE:**

- Hazardous Materials
- Pesticides & Fertilizers
- Motor Oil/Vehicle Fluids
- Industrial Cleansers & Solvents
- Sediment & Trash
- Construction Debris

For NOI, NOT, SWPPP checklist & template  
please visit:

[coconino.az.gov/index.aspx?NID=1155](http://coconino.az.gov/index.aspx?NID=1155)

For more information please visit:

[www.epa.gov/npdes/stormwater](http://www.epa.gov/npdes/stormwater)



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## BE THE SOLUTION



## TO STORMWATER POLLUTION

*STORMWATER AWARENESS TIPS FOR  
COCONINO COUNTY*

**CONTRACTORS**



# Minimizing Stormwater Pollution to the Maximum Extent Practical

## SITE POLLUTION PREVENTION

- ◆ Develop a spill prevention and response plan in place that identifies the appropriate containment and disposal measures.
- ◆ Utilize perimeter controls to divert as much potential stormwater runoff around the construction site.



*Rilling due to lack of BMPs.*

- ◆ Select Best Management Practices (BMPs) that are both appropriate for the types of site disturbances associated with the construction activity, and for the climatic conditions in northern Arizona.
- ◆ Minimize the site disturbance footprint, especially on steep slopes.

- ◆ Develop and implement an effective sediment and erosion control plan that reduces peak flows, velocities, and sediment transport.
- ◆ Construct site entrances and exits that minimize mud and debris track out.
- ◆ Use covered dumpsters and trash bins to prevent rain and snow from directly contacting the waste materials.
- ◆ Properly contain and dispose of vehicle maintenance materials and fluids; vehicle wash down runoff, and protect any storm drain inlets from pollutants.
- ◆ Use drop cloths for painting and other building tasks where materials could be slopped and spilled. Properly dispose of these materials after use.
- ◆ Properly dispose of or recycle waste and excess project materials such as cardboard, carpet, dry wall, metals and plastics.
- ◆ Routinely monitor fleet vehicles for leaks. Never pour antifreeze, oil or other vehicle fluids into the street, gutter or storm drain. Recycle these substances at a service station or other authorized waste collection center.

**NEVER DISPOSE OF ANYTHING  
IN A STORMWATER DRAIN!**



*Stormwater runoff can carry potential contaminants that pollute our water sources.*

## STORMWATER REQUIREMENTS

- ◆ Notice of Intent (NOI) submittal for ADEQ approval and assignment of an authorization number
- ◆ Submit your SWPPP to Coconino County for approval
- ◆ BMP site installation work
- ◆ Pre-construction inspection of BMPs by the County
- ◆ Self-monitoring and site inspections by Contractor's stormwater agent
- ◆ County stormwater inspection(s) during construction activities
- ◆ Site stabilization and post-construction BMP installations/modifications
- ◆ Post-construction stormwater approval from County
- ◆ Notice of Termination (NOT) submitted to ADEQ